## CLAIMS:

1. A method for producing a compound represented by the following formula (VI):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & CO_2H \\
\hline
 & N \\
\hline
 & OR^1 \\
\hline
 & F
\end{array}$$

wherein  $R^1$  represents a lower alkyl group which comprises the steps of treating a compound represented by formula (IV):

wherein  $R^1$  is as defined above and A represents nitrile group or an alkoxycarbonyl group with a base to produce a compound represented by formula (V):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & O \\$$

wherein  $R^1$  and A are as defined above, and hydrolyzing this compound.

2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the compound represented by formula (IV) is produced by reacting a compound represented by formula (II):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O \\
A \\
N \\
R^{3}
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are the same or different lower alkyl groups and  $R^1$  and A are as defined above with (1R, 2S)-2-fluorocyclopropylamine.

3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the compound represented by formula (II) is produced by reacting a compound represented by formula (I):

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ Y \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

wherein  $R^1$  is a lower alkyl group and X represents a halogen atom or an acyloxy group with a compound represented by formula (III):

$$N \stackrel{R^2}{\stackrel{}{\sim}} (III)$$

wherein A,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are as defined above.

4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the compound represented by formula (I) is produced by reacting a compound represented by formula:

wherein  $R^1$  and X are as defined above with a halogenating agent or an acid anhydride.

5. A compound represented by formula (II):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & A \\
 & N \\
 & R^2 \\
 & R^3
\end{array}$$
(II)

wherein  $R^1$  represents a lower alkyl group,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  represent the same or different lower alkyl groups and A represents nitrile group or an alkoxycarbonyl group.

6. A compound represented by formula (Ia):

$$F \longrightarrow F$$

$$OB^1$$
(Ia)

wherein  ${\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}}^1$  represents a lower alkyl group and X represents an acyloxy group.

## 7. A compound represented by formula (V):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & O \\
 & O \\$$

wherein  $R^1$  represents a lower alkyl group and A represents nitrile group or an alkoxycarbonyl group.

## 8. A compound represented by formula (VI):

$$F = \begin{cases} O \\ O \\ O \\ O \end{cases}$$
 (VI)

wherein  $R^1$  represents a lower alkyl group.